## Quest Academy Northwest



School Type: Charter SPCSA
School Level: Elementary School
Grade Levels: 0K-08
District: State Public Charter School Authority
Website: www.questlv.com

Total Index Score: 48.5
School Designation: 4025 N. Rancho Dr. Las Vegas, NV 89130
Phone: 702-631-4751 x5


## Academic Achievement

|  |  | \% Above Cut | \% District |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Math CRT | 29.0 | 52.8 |
| 4.25 | ELA CRT | 34.6 | 58.6 |
|  | Science CRT | 0 | 35.3 |
|  | Pooled Average | 28.2 | 52.9 |
|  | Read by Grade 3 | 33.7 | 56.2 |

## Student Growth

|  |  | \% SY 17-18 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | Math CRT MGP | 59.0 |
| 25135 | ELA CRT MGP | 65.0 |
|  | Math CRT AGP | 26.7 |
|  | ELA CRT AGP | 55.4 |

## English Language

|  |  | \% of EL <br> Meeting AGP | \% District |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $4 / 10$ | ELPA | 40.0 | 42.5 |

## Closing Opportunity Gaps



## \% Non-proficient

Math CRT \% Meeting AGP
16.1
47.1

## Student Engagement

|  |  | \% Chronically Absent | \% District |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Chronic | 17.5 | 10.1 |
|  | Absenteeism |  |  |
| *Bonus points included |  | \% Participation | Met Target |
|  | Climate Survey | 94.5 | YES |




Median Growth Percentile


ELPA
SY 16-17


0\%
$20 \%$
40\%
60\%

Chronic Absenteeism SY 17-18
Hispanic
White
Black $\square$
Asian
Am In/AK Native
Pacific Islander $\square$
Two or More Ra...

## Student CRT Proficiency

|  | \% Above the Cut |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \% <br> Math | \% District | $\text { \% } 2018$ <br> Math <br> MIP | $\begin{gathered} \text { \% } \\ \text { ELA } \end{gathered}$ | \% District | $\begin{gathered} \% 2018 \\ \text { ELA } \\ \text { MIP } \end{gathered}$ | \% <br> Science | \% District | \% 2018 <br> Science MIP |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | - | 44.8 | 30.9 | - | 58.3 | 39.5 | - | 9 | N/A |
| Asian | 70 | 75.2 | 67.2 | 50 | 76.2 | 74.1 | - | 49.2 | N/A |
| Black/African American | 10.1 | 30.6 | 28.8 | 18.6 | 40.5 | 39.6 | 0 | 14.6 | N/A |
| Hispanic/Latino | 28.5 | 40.2 | 36.5 | 37.5 | 48 | 45.5 | 0 | 22.5 | N/A |
| Pacific Islander | - | 48.3 | 45.6 | - | 52.6 | 55.7 | - | 32 | N/A |
| Two or More Races | 20 | 59 | 52.9 | 53.2 | 67.1 | 62.6 | - | 46.6 | N/A |
| White/Caucasian | 52.7 | 61.1 | 57.2 | 47.2 | 65 | 65.7 | - | 43.8 | N/A |
| Special Education | 15 | 29.2 | 24.8 | 30 | 29.3 | 26.3 | - | 19.4 | N/A |
| English Learners Current + Former | 41.4 | 37.4 | 32.4 | 41.4 | 38.9 | 38.4 | - | 15.2 | N/A |
| English Learners Current | 30 | 25.5 |  | 15 | 22.8 |  | - | 4.8 | N/A |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 27.2 | 33.1 | 35.7 | 36.3 | 40.4 | 44 | 0 | 17.3 | N/A |

## Grade 3 ELA

|  | \% Above the Cut |
| :---: | :---: |
| \% ELA | \% District |
| - | 66.6 |
| - | 74.5 |
| 14.2 | 34.2 |
| 50 | 47.1 |
| - | 38.8 |
| - | 64.3 |
| 44.4 | 62.6 |
| - | 29.4 |
| 50 | 33 |
| - | 21.8 |
| 33.3 | 37.5 |

## Student Growth

|  | Student Growth Percentile |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Math MGP | ELA MGP | Math AGP | ELA AGP |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | - | - | - | - |
| Asian | - | - | - | - |
| Black/African American | 55 | 51 | 16.2 | 40.5 |
| Hispanic/Latino | 53 | 64.5 | 23.3 | 50 |
| Pacific Islander | - | - | - | - |
| Two or More Races | - | - | - | - |
| White/Caucasian | 74.5 | 65 | 50 | 66.6 |
| Special Education | 69 | 73 | 30.7 | 53.8 |
| English Learners Current + Former | 49.5 | 74 | 27.7 | 61.1 |
| English Learners Current | - | - | - | - |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 56 | 65 | 25.5 | 53.4 |

## Closing Opportunity Gap

|  | \% of non-proficient Students meeting AGP |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \% Math AGP | \% ELA AGP |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | - | - |
| Asian | - | - |
| Black/African American | 18.5 | 39.2 |
| Hispanic/Latino | 13.6 | 40.9 |
| Pacific Islander | - | - |
| Two or More Races | - | - |
| White/Caucasian | - | 54.5 |
| Special Education | - | 54.5 |
| English Learners Current + Former | 0 | 40 |
| English Learners Current | - | - |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 16.1 | 37.1 |
| Chronic Absenteeism |  |  |
|  | \% Chronically Absent | \% District |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | - | 14.5 |
| Asian | 7.1 | 4.9 |
| Black/African American | 19.3 | 14.5 |
| Hispanic/Latino | 18 | 11.5 |
| Pacific Islander | 18.1 | 12.6 |
| Two or More Races | 13.5 | 9 |
| White/Caucasian | 15.8 | 9 |
| Special Education | 19.1 | 11.3 |
| English Learners Current + Former | N/A | N/A |
| English Learners Current | 21.2 | 10.4 |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 21.5 | 15.9 |

Note: Some NSPF reports were updated on December 15, 2018 to reflect updated SBAC Mathematics scores.

2 Star school: Identifies a school that has partially met the state's standard for performance. Students and subgroups often meet expectations for academic performance or growth but may have multiple areas that require improvement. Areas requiring significant improvement are uncommon. The school must submit an improvement plan that identifies supports tailored to subgroups and indicators that are below standard. A 2 star school in consecutive years is subject to state intervention. Schools identified for targeted support and improvement or comprehensive support and improvement are eligible to be classified as two star schools.

## What do the performance indicators mean?

## Academic Achievement--Student Proficiency

Academic Achievement is a measure of student performance based on a single administration of the State assessment. Cut scores are set that determine the achievement level needed to be proficient on the assessment.

Student Proficiency is determined by calculating the percent of students in the school who met (Level 3) and exceed standards (Level 4) on the State assessments.

Points are earned based on a pooled average (total number of students proficient on all three assessments divided by total number of students taking all three assessments).

## English Language Proficiency

English Language Proficiency is a measure of English Learners achieving English Language proficiency on the State English Language Proficiency assessment, WIDA. The NSPF includes Adequate Growth Percentiles to determine if English Language Learners are meeting the goal toward English Language proficiency. Students meeting their growth targets should be on track to become English proficient and exit English language status in five years.

## Student Engagement

Student Engagement is a measure of Chronic Absenteeism and Climate Survey Participation. Research shows that attendance matters and that chronic absenteeism places students at risk of failure. Chronic absenteeism is defined as missing 10 percent, or more, of school days for any reason, including excused, unexcused or disciplinary absences. Students who are absent due to school sponsored activities are not considered absent for the purposes of this calculation.

## Climate Survey

The Climate Survey is a state survey administered to students in certain grades across the state. Schools meeting or exceeding the 75\% participation threshold can receive bonus points. Two additional bonus points included within Student Engagement section.

## Growth

Student growth is a measure of performance on the state assessments over time.

- Student Growth Percentile (SGP) is a measure of student achievement over time and compares the achievement of similar subgroups of students from one test administration to the next. An SGP from 35 to 65 is considered typical growth.
- Median Growth Percentile (MGP) is a summary of the student growth percentiles (SGP) in a school. A school's Median Growth Percentile (MGP) is determined by rank ordering all the SGPs in the school from lowest to highest and finding the median or middle number.
- Adequate Growth Percentile (AGP) describes the amount of growth a student needs to remain or become proficient on the State assessment in three years.


## Closing Opportunity Gaps/Equity

Closing Opportunity Gaps is a measure of non-proficiency. This measure includes students who were non-proficient on the previous year's State assessment and determines if those students in the current assessment administration succeeded in meeting their Adequate Growth Percentile. This is a measure of gap between proficient and non-proficient students.

## Star Rating

 Index Score at or above 84 at or above 67 , below 84 at or above 50 , below 67at or above 27, below 50
below 27

## Quest Academy Northwest



School Type: Charter SPCSA
School Level: Middle School
Grade Levels: 0K-08
District: State Public Charter School Authority
Website: www.questlv.com


## Academic Achievement






## Student Growth

\% SY 17-18

|  | Math CRT MGP |
| :--- | :--- |
| $19.5 / 30$ | ELA CRT MGP |
| Math CRT AGP | 54.0 |
|  | ELA CRT AGP |

Total Index Score: 56 School Designation: 4025 N. Rancho Dr. Las Vegas, NV 89130
Phone: 702-631-4751 x5

## English Language

|  | \% of EL <br> Meeting AGP | \% District |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $10 / 10$ | ELPA | 38.4 |

65 Math ELA
35


Median Growth Percentile

Typical Growth
Low Growth

ELPA

\% of Non-proficient on Track to Proficiency


## Student Engagement



## Student CRT Proficiency

|  | \% Above the Cut |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Math | District | $2018$ <br> Math MIP | ELA | District | $\begin{gathered} 2018 \\ \text { ELA MIP } \end{gathered}$ | Science | District | $2018$ <br> Science MIP |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | - | 26.5 | 24.6 | - | 57.1 | 40.5 | - | 38.1 | N/A |
| Asian | - | 64.1 | 56.4 | - | 77.3 | 74.6 | - | 62.2 | N/A |
| Black/African American | 6.5 | 17.7 | 19.5 | 21.7 | 38.4 | 34.5 | 10 | 25 | N/A |
| Hispanic/Latino | 18.6 | 26.1 | 25.5 | 30.2 | 46.3 | 42.2 | 30.7 | 34.9 | N/A |
| Pacific Islander | - | 34.9 | 33.6 | - | 53.2 | 50.7 | - | 42.8 | N/A |
| Two or More Races | 33.3 | 41.5 | 37.5 | 46.7 | 61 | 59.2 | - | 51.6 | N/A |
| White/Caucasian | 25 | 44.4 | 44.4 | 50 | 63.5 | 64.6 | - | 54 | N/A |
| Special Education | 0 | 11.5 | 14.3 | 25 | 20.7 | 17.8 | - | 14.6 | N/A |
| English Learners Current + Former | 22.2 | 22.2 | 16 | 40.7 | 34.8 | 20.3 | - | 25.7 | N/A |
| English Learners Current | 0 | 8.5 |  | 13.3 | 15.8 |  | - | 9.3 | N/A |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 13.8 | 21.7 | 25.5 | 24.6 | 41.5 | 41.4 | 23 | 30.7 | N/A |

## Student Growth

|  | Student Growth Percentile |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Math MGP | ELA MGP | Math AGP | ELA AGP |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | - | - | - | - |
| Asian | - | - | - | - |
| Black/African American | 62.5 | 49 | 18.1 | 27.2 |
| Hispanic/Latino | 51 | 66 | 23 | 30.7 |
| Pacific Islander | - | - | - | - |
| Two or More Races | 37 | 72 | 33.3 | 53.3 |
| White/Caucasian | 56 | 60 | 34.7 | 56.5 |
| Special Education | 41 | 65 | 5.5 | 38.8 |
| English Learners Current + Former | 57.5 | 58.5 | 29.1 | 41.6 |
| English Learners Current | 61 | 51 | 7.6 | 0 |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 51 | 56 | 22.8 | 28 |

## Closing Opportunity Gap

|  | Percent of non-proficient Students meeting AGP |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | \% Math AGP | \% ELA AGP |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | - | - |
| Black/African American | - | - |
| Hispanic/Latino | 11.7 | 13.7 |
| Pacific Islander | 15.1 | 17.2 |
| Two or More Races | - | - |
| White/Caucasian | - | - |
| Special Education | 26.6 | 25 |
| English Learners Current +Former | 7.1 | 21.4 |
| English Learners Current | 11.1 | 13.3 |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 8.3 | 0 |

Student Engagement

|  | \% Chronically Absent | \% Academic Learning Plans | \% NAC $\mathbf{3 8 9 . 4 4 5}$ Credit Requirements |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | School | District | School | District | School | District |  |
| American Indian/Alaska Native | - | 16.9 | - | 98 | - | 85 |  |
| Asian | - | 3.6 | - | 98.4 | - | 99.4 |  |
| Black/African American | 18 | 12.9 | 96.1 | 96.3 | 90.9 | 85.4 |  |
| Hispanic/Latino | 21.1 | 11.7 | 100 | 97.5 | 61.5 | 89.4 |  |
| Pacific Islander | - | 11.9 | - | 95.9 | - | 91 |  |
| Two or More Races | 25 | 12 | 100 | 97.3 | - | 91.7 |  |
| White/Caucasian | 13.8 | 10.9 | 100 | 97.8 | - | 93.4 |  |
| Special Education | 25 | 15.3 | 100 | 96.8 | - | 89 |  |
| English Learners Current +Former | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ |  |  |
| English Learners Current | 29.4 | 8.5 | 95.7 | 98.2 | 64.2 | $\mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{A}$ | 85.6 |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 21.5 | 14.3 | 95.7 | 98.2 | 64.2 | 85.6 |  |

Note: Some NSPF reports were updated on December 15, 2018 to reflect updated SBAC Mathematics scores.

3 Star school: Identifies an adequate school that has met the state's standard for performance. The all-students group has met expectations for academic achievement or growth. Subgroups meet expectations for academic achievement or growth with little exception; however, no group is far below standard. The school must submit an improvement plan that identifies supports tailored to subgroups and indicators that are below standard. Schools identified for comprehensive support and improvement are not eligible to be classified as a three star school or higher. Schools identified for targeted support and improvement are eligible to be classified as three star schools.

## What do the performance indicators mean?

## Academic Achievement--Student Proficiency

Academic Achievement is a measure of student performance based on a single administration of the State assessment. Cut scores are set that determine the achievement level needed to be proficient on the assessment.

Student Proficiency is determined by calculating the percent of students in the school who met (Level 3) and exceed standards (Level 4) on the State assessments.

Points are earned based on a pooled average (total number of students proficient on all three assessments divided by total number of students taking all three assessments).

## English Language Proficiency

English Language Proficiency is a measure of English Learners achieving English Language proficiency on the State English Language Proficiency assessment, WIDA. The NSPF includes Adequate Growth Percentiles to determine if English Language Learners are meeting the goal toward English Language proficiency. Students meeting their growth targets should be on track to become English proficient and exit English language status in five years.

## Student Engagement

Student Engagement is a measure of Chronic Absenteeism, Academic Learning Plans, NAC 389.445 Credit Requirements and Climate Survey Participation.
Research shows that attendance matters and that chronic absenteeism places students at risk of failure. Chronic absenteeism is defined as missing 10 percent, or more, of school days for any reason, including excused, unexcused or disciplinary absences. Students who are absent due to school sponsored activities are not considered absent for the purposes of this calculation.

Academic Learning Plan reflects the percent of students at the school with an academic learning plan. Public schools, under NRS 388.165 and 388.205 , are required to develop an academic learning plan for each student. Including this measure in the Nevada Accountability System signifies the state's commitment to college and career readiness for all students.

The NAC 389.445 Credit Requirements measure highlights the percent of grade eight students completing the required number of units for promotion to high school.

## Climate Survey

The Climate Survey is a state survey administered to students in certain grades across the state. Schools meeting or exceeding the $75 \%$ participation threshold can receive bonus points. Two additional bonus points included within Student Engagement section.

## Student Growth

Student growth is a measure of performance on the state assessments over time.

- Student Growth Percentile (SGP) is a measure of student achievement over time and compares the achievement of similar subgroups of students from one test administration to the next. An SGP from 35 to 65 is considered typical growth.
- Median Growth Percentile (MGP) is a summary of the student growth percentiles (SGP) in a school. A school's Median Growth Percentile (MGP) is determined by rank ordering all the SGPs in the school from lowest to highest and finding the median or middle number.
- Adequate Growth Percentile (AGP) describes the amount of growth a student needs to remain or become proficient on the State assessment in three years.


## Closing Opportunity Gaps/Equity

Closing Opportunity Gaps is a measure of non-proficiency. This measure includes students who were non-proficient on the previous year's State assessment and determines if those students in the current assessment administration succeeded in meeting their Adequate Growth Percentile. This is a measure of gap between proficient and non-proficient students.


## Index Score

at or above 80
at or above 70, below 80
at or above 50, below 70
at or above 29, below 50
below 29

